1. (a) (b)	Accept 990 to 1030 inclusive Any range between 10 and 50 inclusive	B1 1.1b (1) B1 1.1b (1)
		(2 marks)
	Notes	
(a)	B1 (Median pressures usually around 1000~1020)	[LDS mark]
(b)	B1 Any answer in this range Allow answers in the form $a \sim b$ where $ b-a $ is between 10 and 50 Also allow the case where <u>both</u> a and b are in [10, 50]	[LDS mark]

Question	Scheme	Marks	AOs
2(a)	No (correlation)/weak (correlation)	B1	1.1b
		(1)	
(b)	(Negative correlation) As p(ressure) increases, t(emperature) decreases.	B1	2.2b
		(1)	
(c)	990 to 1040 (hPa)	B1	3.4 LDS
		(1)	
(d)	Daily mean wind gread (Decufort) is a qualitative verichle	D1	2.4
	Dany mean wind speed (Beautort) is a quantative variable.	DI	LDS
		(1)	
		(	4 marks)
	Notes		
(a)	<b>B1:</b> correct description of correlation (oe) (ignore reference to positive/negative) condone neutral		
(b)	<b>B1:</b> correct inference, allow equivalent statements. Negative correlation on its own is B0. Inversely proportional on its own is B0.		
(c)	<b>B1:</b> an answer in the range 990 to 1040 inclusive (ignore units)		
(d)	<b>B1:</b> correct explanation that in the LDS, wind speed (Beaufort quantitative Allow e.g. 'categorical' e.g. 'given in words' e.g. 'wind speed	) is qualita	tive/not
	Do not allow 'not continuous' on its own.	u is (arway	s) iigiit

Qu 3	Scheme	Mai	rks	AO
(a)	Hectopascal or hPa	B1		1.2
( <b>b</b> )	214		(1)	
(~)	$\overline{x} = \overline{y} + 1010$ or $\frac{211}{30} + 1010$	M1		1.1b
	= 1017.1333 awrt <b>1017</b>	A1		1.1b
(c)	$\sigma_x = \sigma_y$ (or statement that standard deviation is not affected by this type of coding)	M1	(2)	3.1b
	$\left[\sigma_{y}=\right]\sqrt{\frac{5912}{30}}-\left("7.13[33]"\right)^{2}$ or $\sqrt{146.1822}$	<b>M</b> 1		1.1b
	= 12.0905 awrt <u>12.1</u>	A1	(3)	1.1b
( <b>d</b> )	High pressure (since approx. mean + sd ) so clockwise Locations are (from North to South): Leuchars, Heathrow, Hurn	<b>B</b> 1	(0)	2.4
	Wind direction is direction wind blows <u>from</u> So: Heathrow (NE) Hurn (E) Leuchars (W)	B1	(2)	2.2a
		(8 n	nark	s)
	Notes			
FYI	$1 \text{ hPa} = 100 \text{ Pa}; 10 \text{ hPa} = 1 \text{ kPa}; 11 \text{ Pa} = 1 \text{ Nm}^2$			
(a)	B1 for "hectopascal" <u>or</u> hPa (condone pascals, allow millibars <u>or</u> mb) o.e. Do NOT allow kPa <u>or</u> kilopascals <u>or</u> Pa on its own			
(b)	M1 for a strategy to find $\overline{x}$			
	Allow an attempt to find $\sum x$ that gets as far as $\sum x = \sum y - 30 \times 1010$ [= 30 514]			
	A1 for awrt 1017 (accept 1020) [Ignore incorrect units]			
(c)	1 <sup>st</sup> M1 for an overall strategy using the fact $\sigma = \sigma$ (can be implied by	correc	t fin:	al ans)
	or for $\sum x = 30514$ and $\sum x^2 = 31041192$ (both seen and corrected)	ect)		
	$2^{nd}$ M1 for a correct expression (with $$ )(ft their $\overline{y}$ to 3sf) allow awrt 146 for 146 1822			
	or for correct expression in x can ft their $\sum x > 30000$ or their answer to (b)			
	A1 (dep on $2^{nd}$ M1) for awrt 12.1 [Ignore incorrect units]			
Final answer	Final ans of awrt 12.1 scores $3/3$ but if they then adjust for x e.g. add 1010 (M0M1A1)			
( <b>d</b> )	1 <sup>st</sup> B1 for at least one of these reasons (these 2 lines) clearly stated (may see diagram) Need "high pressure" and "clockwise" to score on 1 <sup>st</sup> line Contradictory statements B0 e.g. correct N~S list but say "anticlockwise"			
	2 <sup>nd</sup> B1 (indep of 1 <sup>st</sup> B1) for deducing the 3 correct directions either in the table or stated as above If the answers in table and text are different we take the table (as question says)			

Que	stion	Scheme	Marks	AOs
4	<b>(a)</b>	tr	B1	1.2
			(1)	
(b)(i)		$\mu = \frac{174.9}{31} = 5.6419$ awrt 5.64	B1	1.1b
(ii)		$\sigma_r = \sqrt{\frac{3523.283}{31} - \mu^2}$	M1	1.1b
		= 9.04559 awrt 9.05	A1	1.1b
			(3)	
(c)		Leuchars is in the North and Camborne is in the South	M1	2.4
		The mean is smaller for Leuchars than Camborne therefore there is no evidence that Dian's belief is true	A1ft	2.2b
			(2)	
(d)		eg $p = 0.27$ is unlikely to be constant.	B1	2.4
			(1)	
				(7 marks)
		Notes:		
(a)	B1	Allow Tr or trace or Trace		
(b) (i)	B1	For a correct mean awrt 5.64		
(ii)	M1	For a correct expression for sd including the $$ Ft their mean		
	A1	awrt 9.05 (Allow $s = 9.1932$ awrt 9.19) NB awrt to 9.05 or 9.19 with no working is M1 A1		
(c)	M1	For stating Leuchars is North of Camborne oe eg Camborne is further	south	
	A1ft	M1 must be awarded. A correct conclusion <b>and</b> correct comment about the means ft their mean in (b) Allow No		
	SC	for No <b>and</b> there are only 2 places used so there is insufficient data. M epen	/lark as M(	OA1 on
( <b>d</b> )	B1	<ul> <li>A correct reason referring to <ul> <li>independence (needs context as to what is independent) eg consecutive 14 days unlikely to be independent.</li> <li>probability [of rain] not being constant.</li> <li>Allow a comment that conveys the idea that the proportion of days with no rain will be different over the year.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

Qu 5	Scheme	Marks	AO
(a)	Need to replace tr with a numerical value	M1	1.2
	Value of tr is between 0 and 0.05 suggest using e.g 0.025, 0 or value " 0.05	A1	1.1b
		(2)	
(b)(i)	$\left[\overline{x} = \frac{389.3 \sim 390.8}{184}\right] = 2.119  \text{awrt}  \underline{2.12}  \text{allow}  \frac{195}{92}  \text{or} \ 2\frac{11}{92}$	B1	1.1b
( <b>ii</b> )	$\left[\sigma = \right] \sqrt{\frac{(\operatorname{awrt})4336}{184} - "\overline{x}^2"}  \underline{\operatorname{or}} \text{ allow } \left[\sigma^2 = \right] \frac{(\operatorname{awrt})4336}{184} - "\overline{x}^2" \underline{\operatorname{or}}  \operatorname{awrt}  19.1$	M1	1.1b
	= 4.367 awrt <u>4.37</u>	A1 (2)	1.1b
		(3)	
(c)(i)	Only covers May~Oct (so not a suitable sample)	B1	1.1b
(;;)	a g. Winter months are missing when we'd expect more rain		
(11)	so expect estimate in (b)(i) to be an underestimate (oe)	B1	2.4
		(2)	
		(7 mark	s)
	Notes	( / murk	5)
(a)	M1 for recognising that tr must be replaced (oe) with a numerical value		
	The following examples would score M0: The tr values are worth 0 so ignor	e (not repl	acing)
	<u>or</u> must remove outliers <u>or</u> fill gaps in table <u>or</u> make widths the same <u>or</u> need to	o find mid-	points
	A1 for using a suitable value: e.g. $0.025$ (or allow 0) i.e. any value in $[0, 0.05]$		<
	(these give $\sum x = 390$ (3sf), use of 0.05 gives 390.8, use of 0 gives 389.3 al	low in (b)(	(1))
(b)(i)	B1 for awrt 2.12 or allow simplified fraction or mixed number. B0 for $\frac{390}{184}$		
(ii)	M1 for a correct expression for standard deviation or variance. Allow $\sum x^2 = awrt 4336$		
	In the context expression for standard deviation of variance. Allow $\sum x = awit +350$		
	Ignore men laber o or o Can it men mean		
	A1 for awrt 4.37 [Use of <i>s</i> gives 4.3791 so for correct use seen allow awrt 4.38]		
SC	Using $n = 155$ . Allow M1 for expression $[\sigma = 1] \frac{(awrt)4336}{(awrt)4336} = \frac{1}{2} = \sqrt{21.64}$ or 4.65		
	1 IV 155		
	Part (c) can affactively be marked together		
(c)(i)	B1 for a comment mentioning that data is just from Mav-Oct (so not represent	ative of the	e
(-)(-)	whole year).		-
	Just saying "only 184 days so not representative" is B0, must mention Mag	y ~ Oct	
(jij)	B1 for comment that missing/winter months expected to have more rain ( $\alpha e$ ) ar	nd	
	"ur	derestimat	te"(oe)
	We are looking for all 3 of these ideas here:		
	1. A statement or implication that missing data is from winter or different months.		
	2. A suggestion about the rainfall in these months (probably more rain).		
	5. A statement about the impact on the estimate in (b)(1) <u>equivalent</u> to saying it would be an underestimate or the (actual) mean will be higher		
SC	If you see "Leeming or N or NE has less rain in winter months" – please send t	to review	